

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE

CEPHALON, INC.,)
)
 Plaintiff,)
)
 v.) C.A. No. _____
)
 EMCURE PHARMACEUTICALS LTD. and)
 EMCURE PHARMACEUTICALS USA, INC.,)
)
 Defendants.)

COMPLAINT

Cephalon, Inc. (“Cephalon” or “Plaintiff”) brings this action for patent infringement against Defendants Emcure Pharmaceuticals Ltd. and Emcure Pharmaceuticals USA, Inc. (collectively, “Emcure” or “Defendants”).

1. This is an action by Cephalon against Defendants for infringement of United States Patent No. 8,445,524 (“’524 patent”). This action arises out of Defendants’ filing of an Abbreviated New Drug Application (“ANDA”) seeking approval by the United States Food and Drug Administration (“FDA”) to sell generic versions of TREANDA[®], Cephalon’s innovative treatment for chronic lymphocytic leukemia and non-Hodgkin’s lymphoma, prior to the expiration of the ’524 patent.

THE PARTIES

Cephalon, Inc.

2. Plaintiff Cephalon, Inc. is a corporation operating and existing under the laws of Delaware, with its principal place of business at 41 Moores Road, Frazer, Pennsylvania 19355. Cephalon is engaged in the business of research, development, manufacture, and sale of innovative pharmaceutical products throughout the world.

Emcure

3. Upon information and belief, Defendant Emcure Pharmaceuticals Ltd. is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of India, with its principal place of business at Emcure House, T 184, M.I.D.C., Bhosari, Pune, India 411 026.

4. Upon information and belief, Defendant Emcure Pharmaceuticals USA, Inc. is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of New Jersey, with its principal place of business at 21/B Cotters Lane, East Brunswick, New Jersey 08816.

5. Upon information and belief, Defendant Emcure Pharmaceuticals USA, Inc. is a subsidiary of and is controlled by Emcure Pharmaceuticals Ltd.

6. Upon information and belief, both Emcure Pharmaceuticals Ltd. and Emcure Pharmaceuticals USA, Inc. submitted, collaborated and/or acted in concert in the preparation or submission of ANDA No. 205964.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

Subject Matter Jurisdiction

7. This action for patent infringement arises under 35 U.S.C. § 271.

8. This Court has jurisdiction over the subject matter of this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338(a), and the Declaratory Judgment Act, 28 U.S.C §§ 2201 and 2202.

Personal Jurisdiction Over Emcure

9. Upon information and belief, this Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendants.

10. Upon information and belief, this Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendant Emcure Pharmaceuticals Ltd. because Emcure Pharmaceuticals Ltd., through its subsidiaries, affiliates and/or agents, including Defendant Emcure Pharmaceuticals USA, Inc., (1) conducts business in this Judicial District and (2) has engaged in continuous and systematic contacts with

Delaware and/or purposefully availed itself of this forum by, among other things, marketing, making, shipping, using, offering to sell or selling, or causing others to use, offer to sell, or sell, Emcure pharmaceutical products in this Judicial District, and deriving substantial revenue from such activities. Upon information and belief, Defendant Emcure Pharmaceuticals Ltd. also has committed, or aided, abetted, contributed to and/or participated in the commission of, the tortious action of patent infringement that has led to foreseeable harm and injury to Cephalon, which manufactures TREANDA[®], for sale and use throughout the United States, including the State of Delaware.

11. Upon information and belief, this Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendant Emcure Pharmaceuticals USA, Inc. because Emcure Pharmaceuticals USA, Inc. (1) conducts business in this Judicial District and (2) has engaged in continuous and systematic contacts with Delaware and/or purposefully availed itself of this forum by, among other things, marketing, making, shipping, using, offering to sell or selling, or causing others to use, offer to sell, or sell, Emcure pharmaceutical products in this Judicial District, and deriving substantial revenue from such activities. Upon information and belief, Defendant Emcure Pharmaceuticals USA, Inc. also has committed, or aided, abetted, contributed to and/or participated in the commission of, the tortious action of patent infringement that has led to foreseeable harm and injury to Cephalon, which manufactures TREANDA[®], for sale and use throughout the United States, including the State of Delaware.

Venue

12. Venue is proper in this Judicial District under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391 and 1400(b).

BACKGROUND

The '524 Patent

13. The '524 patent, entitled "Solid Forms of Bendamustine Hydrochloride," was duly and lawfully issued on May 21, 2013 to inventors Laurent D. Courvoisier, Robert E. McKean, Hans-Joachim Jansch, and Veronique Courvoisier.

14. The named inventors of the '524 patent assigned their rights in the '524 patent to Cephalon.

15. Cephalon is the sole owner by assignment of all rights, title and interest in the '524 patent.

16. The '524 patent is listed in FDA publication "Approved Drug Products with Therapeutic Equivalence Evaluations," commonly referred to as "The Orange Book," with respect to TREANDA[®].

17. The '524 patent will expire on March 26, 2029. A true and accurate copy of the '524 patent is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

The TREANDA[®] Drug Product

18. Cephalon researched, developed, applied for and obtained FDA approval to manufacture, sell, promote and/or market bendamustine hydrochloride products known as TREANDA[®].

19. Cephalon has been selling, promoting, distributing and marketing TREANDA[®] in the United States since 2008.

20. TREANDA[®] is indicated to treat chronic lymphocytic leukemia and non-Hodgkin's lymphoma.

21. Cephalon holds New Drug Application No. 22249 and No. 22303 under Section 505(a) of the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act, 21 U.S.C. § 355(a), for multiple TREANDA[®] products used for treating chronic lymphocytic leukemia and non-Hodgkin's lymphoma.

The Emcure ANDA

22. Emcure filed with FDA an Abbreviated New Drug Application under 21 U.S.C. § 355(j) seeking approval to manufacture, use, offer for sale, sell in and import into the United States a 25 mg/vial and 100 mg/vial bendamustine hydrochloride powder for infusion ("Emcure's Bendamustine Product") prior to the expiration of the '524 patent.

23. FDA assigned the ANDA for Emcure's Bendamustine Product the number 205964.

24. Emcure also filed with FDA, pursuant to 21 U.S.C. § 355(j)(2)(B)(iv), a certification alleging that the claims of the '524 patent are invalid, unenforceable and/or would not be infringed by the manufacture, use, importation, sale or offer for sale of Emcure's Bendamustine Product ("Emcure's Paragraph IV Certification").

25. By letter dated February 4, 2014, Emcure notified Plaintiff that it had filed ANDA 205964 seeking approval to market Emcure's Bendamustine Product prior to the expiration of the '524 patent ("Emcure Notice Letter").

26. On March 3, 2014, pursuant to an Offer of Confidential Access, Cephalon received portions of the ANDA filed by Emcure, and Cephalon reviewed those portions of the ANDA.

27. This Action is being commenced before the expiration of forty-five days from the date of receipt of the Emcure Notice Letter.

COUNT I FOR INFRINGEMENT OF U.S. PATENT NO. 8,445,524 BY EMCURE

28. The allegations of the proceeding paragraphs 1–27 are re-alleged and incorporated herein by reference.

29. The use of Emcure’s Bendamustine Product is covered by one or more claims of the ’524 patent.

30. The commercial manufacture, use, offer for sale, sale, marketing, distribution and/or importation of Emcure’s Bendamustine Product would infringe one or more claims of the ’524 patent.

31. Under 35 U.S.C. § 271(e)(2)(A), Emcure’s submission to FDA of the Emcure ANDA to obtain approval for Emcure’s Bendamustine Product with a Paragraph IV Certification related thereto before the expiration of the ’524 patent constitutes an act of infringement, and if approved, the commercial manufacture, use, offer to sell, sale, or importation of Emcure’s Bendamustine Product containing bendamustine hydrochloride, would infringe one or more claims of the ’524 patent.

32. Emcure was aware of the ’524 patent when engaging in these knowing and purposeful activities and was aware that filing the Emcure ANDA with Emcure’s Paragraph IV Certification with respect to the ’524 patent constituted an act of infringement of the ’524 patent.

33. Upon information and belief, Emcure’s Bendamustine Product contains the same active pharmaceutical ingredient, bendamustine hydrochloride, as that used in Cephalon’s TREANDA[®] products and claimed in the ’524 patent.

34. Upon information and belief, the manufacture of Emcure’s Bendamustine Product is made using the solid form of bendamustine hydrochloride described in one or more claims of the ’524 patent.

35. Emcure's use of the solid form of bendamustine hydrochloride in the manufacture of Emcure's Bendamustine Product infringes one or more claims of the '524 patent.

36. Upon information and belief, Emcure plans and intends to, and will, infringe the '524 patent immediately and imminently upon approval of the Emcure ANDA.

37. Upon information and belief, Emcure, under 35 U.S.C. § 271(b), acted in concert, actively supported, participated in, encouraged, and/or induced the infringement of one or more claims of the '524 patent.

38. Upon information and belief, Emcure plans and intends to, and will, actively induce infringement of the '524 patent when the Emcure ANDA is approved, and plans and intends to, and will, do so immediately and imminently upon approval.

39. Upon information and belief, Emcure knows that the solid form of bendamustine hydrochloride used to manufacture Emcure's Bendamustine Product is especially made or adapted for use in infringing the '524 patent and that the solid form of bendamustine hydrochloride used to manufacture Emcure's Bendamustine Product is not suitable for substantial non-infringing uses. Upon information and belief, Emcure plans and intends to, and will, contribute to the infringement of the '524 patent immediately and imminently upon approval of the Emcure ANDA.

40. The foregoing actions by Emcure constitute and/or would constitute infringement of the '524 patent, active inducement of infringement of the '524 patent and/or contribution to the infringement by others of the '524 patent.

41. Upon information and belief, Emcure acted without a reasonable basis for believing that it would not be liable for infringing the '524 patent, actively inducing infringement of the '524 patent and/or contributing to the infringement by others of the '524 patent.

42. Plaintiff will be substantially and irreparably harmed by Emcure's infringing activities unless the Court enjoins those activities. Plaintiff will have no adequate remedy at law if Emcure is not enjoined from the commercial manufacture, use, offer to sell, sale in and importation into the United States of Emcure's Bendamustine Product.

43. Emcure's activities render this case an exceptional one, and Plaintiff is entitled to an award of their reasonable attorney fees under 35 U.S.C. § 285.

**COUNT II FOR DECLARATORY JUDGMENT OF
INFRINGEMENT OF U.S. PATENT NO. 8,445,524 BY EMCURE**

44. The allegations of the proceeding paragraphs 1–43 are re-alleged and incorporated herein by reference.

45. Upon information and belief, Emcure plans to begin manufacturing, marketing, selling, offering to sell and/or importing Emcure's Bendamustine Product soon after FDA approval of the Emcure ANDA.

46. Such conduct will constitute direct infringement of one or more claims on the '524 patent under 35 U.S.C. § 271(a), inducement of infringement of the '524 patent under 35 U.S.C. § 271(b), and contributory infringement under 35 U.S.C. § 271(c).

47. Defendants' infringing patent activity complained of herein is imminent and will begin following FDA approval of the Emcure ANDA.

48. As a result of the foregoing facts, there is a real, substantial, and continuing justiciable controversy between Plaintiff and Defendants as to liability for the infringement of the '524 patent. Defendants' actions have created in Plaintiff a reasonable apprehension of irreparable harm and loss resulting from Defendants' threatened imminent actions.

49. Upon information and belief, Emcure will knowingly and willfully infringe the '524 patent.

50. Plaintiff will be irreparably harmed if Emcure is not enjoined from infringing the '524 patent.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff respectfully request the following relief:

- a. a judgment that the '524 patent is valid and enforceable;
- b. a judgment that Emcure's submission of the Emcure ANDA No. 205964, was an act of infringement of one or more claims of the '524 patent and that the making, using, offering to sell, selling, marketing, distributing, or importing of Emcure's Bendamustine Products prior to the expiration of the '524 patent will infringe, actively induce infringement and/or contribute to the infringement of one or more claims of the '524 patent;
- c. an Order pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 271(e)(4)(A) providing that the effective date of any FDA approval of the Emcure ANDA No. 205964 or any product or compound the use of which infringes the '524 patent, shall be a date that is not earlier than the expiration of the '524 patent;
- d. an Order pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 271(e)(4)(B) permanently enjoining Emcure and all persons acting in concert with Emcure from commercially manufacturing, using, offering for sale, selling, marketing, distributing, or importing Emcure's Bendamustine Products, or any product or compound the use of which infringes the '524 patent, or inducing or contributing to the infringement of the '524 patent until after the expiration of the '524 patent;
- e. an Order pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 283 permanently enjoining Emcure and all persons acting in concert with Emcure from commercially manufacturing, using, offering for sale, selling, marketing, distributing, or importing Emcure's Bendamustine Products, or any

product or compound the use of which infringes the '524 patent, or inducing or contributing to the infringement of the '524 patent until after the expiration of the '524 patent;

f. an Order enjoining Emcure and all persons acting in concert with Emcure from seeking, obtaining, or maintaining approval of the Emcure ANDA No. 205964 before the expiration of the '524 patent;

g. an award of Plaintiff's damages or other monetary relief to compensate Plaintiff if Emcure engages in the commercial manufacture, use, offer to sell, sale or marketing or distribution in, or importation into the United States of Emcure's Bendamustine Products, or any product or compound the use of which infringes the '524 patent, or the inducement or contribution of the foregoing, prior to the expiration of the '524 patent in accordance with 35 U.S.C. § 271(e)(4)(C);

h. a judgment that this is an exceptional case and awarding Plaintiff its attorneys' fees under 35 U.S.C. § 285;

i. an award of Plaintiff's reasonable costs and expenses in this action; and

j. an award of any further and additional relief to Plaintiff as this Court deems just and proper.

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Dated: March 14, 2014

/s/ Karen E. Keller

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